

## Lesson 1a: Working with Numbers

+ is your addition. 2+3=5

- is your subtraction. 5-3 = 2

\* is your multiplication. 7\*2 = 14

/ is your division 6/2 = 3.0, 7/2 = 3.5 (it will ALWAYS give floating point answer)

// is your quotient and % is your remainder in division problems.

a÷b=c with remainder d. // will give you c (quotient) and % will give you d (remainder)

 $7 \div 2 = 3$  with remainder 1. So, 7//2 is 3 (quotient) and 7%2 is 1 (remainder)

\*\* is exponentiation 7\*\*2 = 49 (same as 7\*7)

() is to change order of operation or to make it more clear

2\*(3+5) is not the same as 2\*3+5.

2\*(3+5) = 16 and 2\*3+5 = 11

### Order of operations are:

- 1. Parenthesis
- 2. Exponent
- 3. Multiplication, Division
- 4. Addition, Subtraction

# Lesson 1b: Using print with Numbers

print(5) will print 5 to the screen

print(5+3) will print 8 to the screen

print(any math operations) will print the result to the screen.

print(3+2, 5\*7) will print 5 then a space then 35.

Putting a comma does 2 things

- Allows you to do multiple calculations on one line
- Puts a space between each calculation

We will learn more about the comma in print in the next lesson.

### Homework for Lesson 1

### Find the result of the following using Python 3

- Find the product of 7 and 51
- Find the sum of 12 and 13
- Take 91 away from 12
- Raise 3 to the 3<sup>rd</sup> power
- Find the quotient when 12 is divided by 3.4
- Find the remainder when 15.3 is divided by 4.6
- Is 3\*\*3\*\*3, (3\*\*3)\*\*3 or 3\*\*(3\*\*3) this is a GOOD example when parentheses are great for making it clear in case your reader don't know the order of operations.
- I want the answer -21.0 from 2 + 3 \* 5 2 \* \* 2 4 / 2 3 \* 2 + 2 (Where should I add my parenthesis?)
- I have five rows of oranges. Each row of oranges has 10 oranges. How many oranges do I have?
- I have 100 liters of beer. If each glass holds 0.75 liters. How many glasses can I fill? How much beer do I have left over?
- I have 1000 peanuts. Each adult bag contains 65 peanuts. Each child bag contains 4 peanuts.
  - o If there are 15 adults each getting 1 adult bag, how many child bags can I make?
  - How many child bags can I make if every adult that wants an adult bag of peanuts gets one until there are not enough peanuts for an adult bag?
  - o How many child bags can I make?
- There was a story about a king about a 1000 years ago who was asked to pay only 1 grain of rice and then double it each day until the end of the month. Assuming there were 31 days in a month, why did the king go broke?